(Please write your Exam Roll No.)

Exam Roll No. ...

# END TERM EXAMINATION

SEVENTH SEMESTER (LLB) JANUARY 2024

Paper Code:LLB-409(d)

Subject: Criminology

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q.no.1 which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit.

Q1 Write Short notes on the followings: (5x5=25)

- (a) Explain the power and functions of juvenile justice Board in relation to children in conflict with law.
- (b) Functions of Child Welfare Committee.
- (c) Explain the essential attributes of Criminology.
- (d) The Supreme Court Guidelines to check Honour Killing.
- (e) Open Prison.

#### Unit-I

- Q2 "The Positive School of criminology has shifted the emphasis from crime to criminal and from retribution to corrective methods of treatment of accused." Discuss while elaborating the approach of chief exponents of the positive school of criminology. (12.5)
- Explain the sociological theory of criminal behavior with special reference to differential Q3 association and anomie theory. (12.5)

#### Unit -II

- Explain the general principles of care and protection of Children under Juvenile Justice Q4 Act, 2015 (12.5)
- Q5 Write Short notes on the followings:

(2x6.25=12.5)

- (a) Female Foeticide
- (b) White Collar Crime

#### Unit-III

- Critically analyse the arguments for and against capital punishment in India in light of Q6 judicial approach. (12.5)
- Q7 Write short notes on the Followings:
  - (a) Retributive theory of Punishment
  - (b) Reformative theory of Punishment

(2x6.25=12.5)

#### Unit-IV

- Explain the causes for juvenile delinquency in India. Elucidate the salient features of Q8 Juvenile Justice Act, 2015 and approach of judiciary in dealing with children found in conflict with law.
- Explain the salient features of Probation of Offenders Act, 1958. What are basic Q9 distinction between the scope of probation under Cr. P.C and Probation of offenders Act, 1958. Elucidate your answer with help of case law.

SEVENTH SEMESTER [LLB] NOVEMBER-DECEMBER 2019

Paper Code: LLB 409 (d)

Subject: Criminology

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks:75

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q. No. 1 which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part B.

#### Part-A

- Q1. a) What are the main preposition of psycho-analytical theory of crime? (5x5=25)
  - b) Highlight the main issue involved in the social malice of child sexual abuse.
  - c) Victim precipitation theory.
  - d) Write a short note on Furlough and parole.
  - e) Probation as an alternative to punishment.

#### Part B Unit-I

- Q2. How does the positive theory of crime provide an improvement over the classical theory? What is Cesare Lombroso's contribution in this? (12.5)
- Q3. Explain the sub-culture theory of crime delinquency among the lower class youth? How does it explain juvenile (12.5)

#### Unit-II

- Q4. What are the main causes of honour killing? Do we have strong legal provison for handling the issue of honour willing in India? Suggest the amendments in the existing law regarding killing of human being. (12.5)
- Q5. How is Radical Criminology inspired by Marxist approach? What are the main interest areas of Radical Criminologists? (12.5)

#### Unit-III

- Q6. Discuss the evolution of law pertaining to the death penalty in India in the light of Judicial pronouncements. (12.5)
- Q7. What are the main issues associated with institutional treatment of offenders? How do the non-institutional methods provide an alternative to problems of prison administration? (12.5)

#### Unit-IV

- Q8. Highlight the main provisions of Juvenile Justice Act 2000. What kind of amendments were introduced in the Juvenile Justice of 2015 in the backdrop of Nirbhaya case? (12.5)
- Q9. How does the UN Declaration of Basic Principles of Justice for Victims of Crime and Abuse of Power provide guidelines for the policy makers to challenge victimization in society? (12.5)



(5x5=25)

# END TERM EXAMINATION

SEVENTH SEMESTER [LLB] NOVEMBER-DECEMBER 2018

Paper Code: LLB 409 (d)

Subject: Criminology

Time: 3 Hours

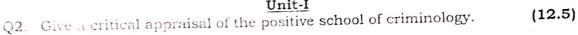
Maximum Marks:75

Note: Attempt all questions from Part A. Select one question from each unit from Part B.

Part-A

- Write short notes on the following:
  - a) Nature and scope of criminology
  - b) Pre-classical school of criminology
  - c) White collar Crimes
  - d) Parole
  - e) Juvėnile Delinquency

Part-B Unit-I



Q3. Critically analyse Sutherland's Differential Association theory of crime (12.5)causation.

#### Unit-II

- Q4. Briefly explain the various legal provisions to prevent crime against (12.5)women.
- Q5. Critically analyse legislative and judicial trends in favour of victims in India.

Unit-III

- Q6. Discuss different theories of punishment. (12.5)
- Q7. Discuss probation as a non institutional treatment of offenders. (12.5)

Unit-IV

- Q8. Highlight the relevance of Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000 in India. (12.5)
- Q9. Explain the type, organization and function of prisons in India. (12.5)





NINTH SEMESTER [LLB] DECEMBER 2015-JAHUARY- 2016

Paper Code: LLB-507 (e)

Subject: Criminology

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt any five questions including Q.No1 of Part A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part B.

PART-A

Q1 (a) Is there any genetic basis to crime? Explain.

(5x5=25)

- (b) How does the classical school of criminology explain crime?
- (c) What is the concept of open jail under alternatives to imprisonment?
- (d) Critically analyze the context of capital punishment in India?
- (c) Explain the grounds for restitution to victims in India.

PART-B UNIT-I

 $(4\pi12.6=50)$ 

- Q2 Critically evaluate the sub-culture of crime. How do the various proponents of sub-culture theory explain crime?
- Q3 How do the social disorganization explain crime? Discuss its contributions with special reference to the studies conducted under the Chicago school.

UNIT-II

- What is white collar crime? Explain the context of white collar crime in India. What stands have been taken up the state to resolve problems related to corruption in India?
- Q5 Critically evaluate the Juvenile Justice Act of India. Do you think there be some amendment in this Act in the light of current trends of juvenile delinquency in India. Support your answer with strong arguments.

UNIT-III

- Q6 Give an overview of the prison reforms in India and explain its current situation. Critically evaluate the judicial response to the prison reforms.
- Q7 Explain the concept of punishment under modern jurisprudence. Provide a sociolegal view of the theories of punishment in India.

UNIT-IV

- Q8 What is victimology? Explain how has this developed in India. What has been the role of Indian courts in the context of grains rights to the victims?
- Q9 Write a critical note on compensation and the role judiciary in respect to the compensation to victims, with special reference to the rape victims. Is there any need to sensitize the judiciary on compensation issues?





[LLB] FEBRUARY -2013 (MERCY CHANCE)

Paper Code: LLB 513

Subject: Criminology

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks :75

5×5=25

Note: Part A is compulsory. Attempt one question from each unit in Part B.

#### Part-A

- Q1. (a) Sheldon's view on criminality
  - (b) Causes of drug addiction
  - (c) Probation
  - (d) Open Jail
  - (e) Arguments regarding abolition or retention of capital punishment.

#### Part-B

#### Unit-I

- Q2. What is criminology? Explain its nature and scope.
- Q3. Write short notes on any two of the following.
  - (a) Bonger's economic theory
  - (b) Sutherland's differential association
  - (c) Merton's Anomie Theory

### Unit-II

- Q4. Discuss the terms 'Juvenile in conflict with law' and Juvenile in need of care and protection' as defined in juvenile justice (care and protection of children) Act 2000 and explain the function of various institutions which are engaged in handling juveniles and children in need of care and protection.
- Q5. What do you understand by white collar crime? Explain. Discuss the measures to check white collar crimes in India.

#### Unit-III

- Q6. Discuss the various theories of punishment in brief
- Q7. Define Parole. Explain origin, object and procedure of Parole in India with the help of relevant case laws.

#### Unit-IV

- Q8. What is victimology? Explain nature development and scope of victimology. Which victims need special and greater attention in India?
- Q9. Discuss the role of judiciary in the context of compensation and rehabilitation for victims of crime. Evaluate the legislative provisions and judicial trend in Indian context.







[LLB] DEC 2011 - JAN 2012

Paper Code: LLB-505 (e) \ 507 (1)

Subject: Criminology (Batch 2005-2007)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks :75

Note: Part A is compulsory. Attempt one question from each unit in Part B.

#### PART-A

- 5X5=25 (A) Biophysical explanations. · 0.1 (B) Causes of Juvenile Delinquency. (C) Retributive theory of punishment. (D) Parole (E) Capital punishment. PART-B UNIT-I 12.5X4=50 What do you understand by criminology? Explain its nature and scope. Q. 2 What do you know about the causation of crime. Whether economic Q. 3 Conditions and family background have the greatest influence on criminal Behavior. UNIT-II What do you mean by white collar crime. Explain the contributory Q. 4 Factors of Sutherland on white collar crime. Give your suggestion to curb the white collar crime. What are the main causes of drug addiction? What are the measures to Q. 5 Control alcoholism and drug addiction in India? UNIT-III Explain in brief the various theories of punishment. Q. 6 What do you know about the prison reforms? Give your suggestion Q. 7 to amend the Jail Manual for the purpose of Reformation. UNIT-IV
  - What do you know about victimology. Who are the victims who need Q. 8 Greater attention in India?
- What do you know about compensation? Whether section 357 and section Q. 9 section 357A of Cr.P.C. are sufficient provisions to compensate the