THIRD SEMESTER [B. TECH] JANUARY 2024

Paper Code: ES-201	TER [B. TECH] DANUARY 2024
	Subject: Computational Methods
Time: 3 Hours	Subject: Computational methods

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q.No.1 which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit. Assume missing data if any. Scientific calculator is allowed.

- Q1 Attempt all questions:
  - a) The height of an observation tower was estimated to be 47m, whereas its actual height was 45m. Calculate the percentage relative error in the measurement.
  - b) Derive the formula for evaluating √12 by Newton's Raphson
  - c) Differentiate between partial and complete pivoting in solving linear system of algebraic equations.
  - Estimate the missing term in the following table:  $x: \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4$   $f(x): \quad 1 \quad 3 \quad 9 \quad \quad 81$ (1.5)
  - Define cubic spline function and state the conditions required for cubic spline interpolation.

    (1.5)
  - f) Find  $\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\cos\theta} d\theta$  using Simpson's  $1/3^{\text{rd}}$  rule for n=6. (2.5)
  - Solve the IVP  $\frac{dy}{dx} = xe^y$ , y(0) = 0 using Picard's method and estimate y(0.2).
  - h) Determine which of the following equations are elliptic, parabolic, and hyperbolic. (2)
    - (i)  $f_{xx} + 6f_{xy} + 9f_{yy} = 0$
    - (ii)  $f_{xx} 2f_{xy} + 2f_{yy} = 2x + 5y$

## UNIT-I

- Q2 a) Find the root of the equation  $x = e^{-x}$ , correct to three decimal places by Secant method by performing six iterations. (8)
  - b) Use Newton—Rapshon method to obtain a root of  $\sin x = 1-x$  to three decimal places. (7)
- Q3 a) Perform four iterations of Golden section search method to minimize  $f(x) = x^4 14x^3 + 60x^2 70x$ ,  $x \in (0,2)$  with  $\varepsilon = 10^{-3}$ . (7.5)
  - b) Use steepest descent method for 3 iterations on  $f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = (x_1 4)^4 + (x_2 3)^2 + 4(x_3 + 5)^4$  with initial point  $x^{(0)} = [4, 2, -1]^T$  (7.5)

## UNIT-II

- Q4 a) Prove that  $\Delta = \frac{1}{2}\delta^2 + \delta\sqrt{(1+\delta^2/4)}$ . (7)
  - b) The table gives the distance in nautical miles of the visible horizon for the given heights in feet above the earth's surface:

    (8)

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Tind the	y = distance	x = height:
value	10.63	100
of when	13.03	ner
	15.04	00%
- 410 using	16.81	002
	18.42	300
Neuton's	19.90	350
hackwar	21.27	400

Evaluate the integral  $\int_{0}^{1} \frac{e^{3}}{1+x} dx$  using Simpson's  $1/3^{rd}$  and Simpson's interpolation formula.

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n

6 Evaluate the integral  $\int_{0}^{0.5} \left(\frac{x}{\sin x}\right) dx$  using Romberg's method, correct 3/8th rule respectively. Compare it with the exact value. to three decimal places. 8

# UNIT-III

96 2 Investigate the values of  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$  so that the system of equations(7) 2x + 3y + 5z = 97x + 3y - 2z = 8

 $2x+3y+\lambda z=\mu$ 

have (i) no solution, (ii) unique solution, (iii) an infinite number of solutions. 8

0 Solve the system of equations

$$x_1 + 10x_2 - x_5 = 3$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 + 20x_3 = 7$$

$$10x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 = 4$$

Using the Gauss elimination with partial pivoting

27 9 Solve the system method of equations using Dolittle factorisation (9)

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 2y + 7z = 4 \\ 2x + 3y + z = 5 \\ 3x + 4y + z = 7 \end{cases}$$

6 Determine the numerically dominant eigenvalue and eigenvector of

the matrix  $A = \begin{vmatrix} -10 & 12 & -6 \end{vmatrix}$  using Power method. Take the initial [-20 4 -2]

vector  $X^{(0)} = [1,1,1]^T$ .

6

# UNIT-IV

0 Employ Taylor's method to obtain the approximate value of Compare the numerical solution obtained with the exact solution. yat x=0.2 for the differential equation  $dy/dx=2y+3e^x$ , y(0)=0.

98

P.T.O.

0 ng Runge-Kutta method of fourth order, solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^2 - x^2}{y^2 + x^2}$  with [-3-]

y(0) = 1 at x = 0.2, 0.4.

09 9 Solve the initial value problem  $y \frac{dy}{dx} = x, y(0) = 1$ , using Euler's method in  $0 \le r \le 0.8$ , with h=0.2. Compare the results with the

6 Solve the partial differential equation exact solution at x = 0.8.

 $u_{\alpha} + u_{\beta} = x + y + 1, \ 0 \le x \le 1, \ 0 \le y \le 1,$ 

u = 0 on the boundary

Numerically up to three iterations with h=1/3. Obtain the results correct to three decimal places.

P-2/3



THIRD SEMESTER [B. TECH] JANUARY 2024

Pa	per Code: CIC-205	Subject: Discrete Mathematics	
Tir	ne: 3 Hours	Maximum Marks: 75	
co		ns in all including Q. No.1 which is from each unit. Assume missing data, if any.	
Q1	Answer the following short and (a) Define a power set and give (b) State De Morgan's Laws in (c) What is the principle of making (d) Give an example of an equive (e) Define a Boolean Algebra. (f) Explain the difference between (g) What is Euler's formula in (h) Define a Hamiltonian circum	a propositional logic. (2) athematical induction? (2) ivalence relation. (2) ween a group and a monoid. (2) graph theory? (2)	
Q2	<ul> <li>conditions: A∩B=Ø,B∩C≠Ø,</li> <li>(b) Create a truth table for the logical equivalence.</li> <li>(c) Define a binary relation R</li> </ul>	he proposition $p \rightarrow (q \land \neg r)$ and determine its (5) on the set $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ where R contains (a). Determine if R is reflexive, symmetric, and	) s ) i, d
Q3	integers between 1 and 1 step-by-step calculations.  (b) Prove that in a group of know each other or no pigeonhole principle in you (c) Given a set S of n element	nts, derive an expression for the number of apty subset of S. Validate your expression	le 5) 11 1e 5)
		UNIT-II	
Q4	g(f(x)) and determine their the reasoning behind the continuous the reasoning behind the continuous the continuous that every finite districts of sets, using the last continuous an example. Provide a continuous transfer it using Karnaugh	= $x/2 + 1$ . Find the compositions $f(g(x))$ and redomains. Illustrate each step and clarification of their domains. (Stributive lattice can be represented as attice formed by the subsets of the set $\{a, b\}$ and detailed explanation. (She Boolean expression $(A + \overline{B})C + \overline{AC}$ are the maps. Include a step-by-step process filled explanation of the Karnaugh maps.	fy <b>5</b> ) a b, <b>5</b> ) ad for

P.T.O.

25 (a) Define Euler's totient function φ(n). Calculate φ(30) and explain the significance of each step in your calculation process.
 (b) Demonstrate how generating functions can be used to solve the

example. Illustrate your solution with a clear explanation. recurrence relation  $a_n = a_{n-1} + n$  with  $a_0 = 1$ , providing a specific

(c) Apply the Master's theorem to analyze the time complexity of the recursive algorithm  $T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n\log n$ .

99

(a) Prove that every element of a finite group has an order. Use this to show that every group of prime order is cyclic. Your proof should be detailed, covering all necessary steps and reasoning.

(b) Given the group  $G = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  under multiplication modulo 7, demonstrate how cosets of a subgroup H in G partition G, using H =  $\{1, 2, 4\}$ . Clearly demonstrate and provide a rationale for each step. (5)

(c) Discuss the significance of normal subgroups in group theory and provide an example of a non-trivial normal subgroup in the symmetric group S4. Provide a clear explanation with an illustrative example

(a) Explain the concept of group homomorphism and prove that the definitions and a thorough proof with clear logical steps. kernel of a homomorphism is a subgroup of the domain. Include

27

definitions and a thorough proof with clear logical steps. (5) (b) Consider a group  $G = \{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$  under the multiplication modulo 7. (5) Find the multiplication table of G

EE Find 2-1, 3-1 and 6-1

Is G Cyclic?

(c) For the symmetric group S3, determine all subgroups and identify or is not a normal subgroup. which are normal. Identify each subgroup and clearly explain why it is Ø

# VI-TIND

89

(a) For a given graph G, show how to determine if it has an Eulerian path and edges AB, BC, CD, DA, AC. Provide a step-by-step methodology for your determination and apply it to the given graph. (5) or circuit. Apply your method to the graph with vertices A, B, C, D,



(b) Prove Euler's formula for planar graphs and use this formula to deduce the number of regions in a graph with 5 vertices and 7 edges. Include a detailed proof of Euler's formula and apply it step-by-step to the given graph scenario.

P.T.O.

(c) Using Dijkstra's algorithm, find the shortest path in the given weighted graph from A to E. Detail each step in using Dijkstra's algorithm on the provided graph and discuss its time complexity with



(a) Describe Kruskal's algorithm for finding a minimal spanning tree Discuss its time complexity. algorithm and apply it to the provided graph, detailing the process. (MST) and apply it to a specific graph. Explain each step in Kruskal's

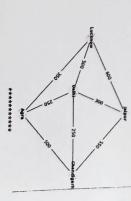
Q9



(b) Define the chromatic number of a graph. For the cycle graph composed of vertices A, B, C, determine the chromatic number. Explain the reasoning behind your determination. D, with edges AB, BC, CD, DA,



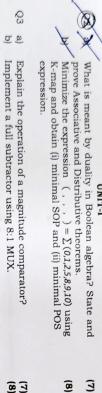
(c) Discuss the traveling salesman problem and illustrate its solution for a set of cities (Delhi, Jaipur, Agra, Chandigarh, Lucknow) and beginning from Delhi. Discuss its effectiveness and limitations. (5)

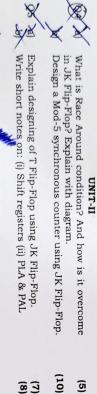


Paper Code: ECC-207 THIRD SEMESTER [B. TECH] JANUARY 2024 Subject: Digital Logic & Computer Design Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q.No. I which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit. Assume missing data, if any.

UNIT-I What is meant by duality in Boolean algebra? State and	Write about Virtual memory.	Draw the state table and excitation table of T flip flop	c Differentiate a decoder from a Demultiplexer.	What are don't care terms?	Reduce the Boolean Expression + ( + )	Q1) Attempt all questions:
State and (7		lip flop.				(3×5=15)







27 <u>a</u> 6 What is assembly language? Explain basic computer Explain with the help of flowchart. What are the different phases of an instruction cycle?

instruction formats with suitable diagram.

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the	with	cycle	Jt.	What is an interrupt? Explain interrupt	Explain	570	nterrui	n ii	al	70	hat	B	
				diagram.	17	of s	detail with the help of suitable	the	ith	8	tail	de	
5	MA transfer	MA US	D	. Explain its need. Explain DM	s need.	n ii	Explain		DMA	G	efine	D	
				V	UNIT-IN								

(8) (7)

08 (B)

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Write short notes on: Cache memory Modes of data transfer help of flowchart.

Associative memory

(S) (S) (S)

ECC-807

FCC-807

THIRD SEMESTER [B. TECH] JANUARY 2024

Paper Code: CIC209

Subject: Data Structures

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt five questions including Q.No.1 which is compulsory. Select One question from each unit. Assume missing data, if any.

Attempt the following:

 $(5\pi 3=15)$ 

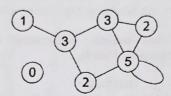
What do you understand by underflow and overflow in stack and gueue data structures?

Why is it required to analyze the time complexity and space complexity of an algorithm?

Write short note on Bucket Hashing.

Write an algorithm to count the number of nodes of a binary tree.

Represent the following graph using Adjacency Matrix and Adjacency List representations:



# UNIT-I

- Q2 a) Convert the following infix expression into postfix expression using Stack: (5)
  - (A + B) / C \* (D E)^F G
     Write an algorithm to insert an element in the sorted doubly linked list.
  - c) Write short note on double ended queue (deque). Can we implement stack and queue data structures using deque? Comment. (5)

What are the different classifications of data structures? Explain briefly all types of data structures.

Consider a two-dimensional array or integers A [-11..10, 9..20].

Each element requires 4 bytes of memory storage. If the base

address of the Array A is 100. You are required to derive the formula to locate the address of each element then determine the location (i.e. memory address) of A[5][15].

[5]

Explain similarities and dissimilarities between stack and queue

data structures. Also list two applications of each.

UNIT-II

Q4 a) Step by step construct the binary tree based on the below given traversals of the tree: (5)

Preorder: ABDCEGFHI Inorder: BDAGECHFI

b) What is AVL Tree? Explain different types of rotations used in AVL Tree. (5)

0 Write short note on B-Tree.

Insert the following elements in the Binary Search Tree. Also show the binary search tree after each insertion.

B

100 What is sparse matrix? Explain 3-tuple representation of sparse matrix. Give the node structure of linked list based 3-tuple representation of the sparse maux.

Insert the following elements in the max-heap tree. Also show the linear the following elements in the max-heap tree. (5) fepresentation of the sparse matrix. BDAGECHFI

UNIT-III

Write an algorithm for merge sort. Sort the following list of numbers using merge sort: 60, 2, 15, 20, 12, 115, 90, 50, 44, 85

Explain various collision resolution techniques used in hashing. (5)

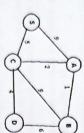
00 algorithm? Explain various hashing algorithm with help of examples. What is hashing? What are the characteristics of a good hashing

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0 Differentiate between list search, sequential search and binary

(5) search. Also give an example of each.

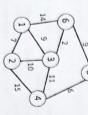
cost of the obtained minimum spanning tree. Kruskal's Algorithm. Clearly show every step. Also calculate the total Find out the minimum spanning tree of the following graph using UNIT-IV



Write algorithms for DFS and BFS

Explain the following terms with examples: (i) Directed Graph, (ii) Undirected Graph, (iii) Path, (iv) Cycle, and (v) Degree of a vertex. (5) (5)

29 m vertex I to all other verticesusing Dijkstra's Algorithm. Consider the following graph and find out the shortest path from



P.T.O.

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start vertex. Show the resultant spanning trees generated using DFS Porm DFS and BFS on the following graph considering vertex A as

[-3-]

and BFS.

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Write short note on disjoint sets representation.

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CIC-809

THIRD SEMESTER [B.TECH] JANUARY 2024

Paper Code: CIC211 Subject: Object Oriented Programming Using C++ Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 75 Note: Attempt any five questions including Q.No.1 which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit. O1 Attempt all questions:

QI	Atter a) b) c) d) e)	what is an inline function and why is it used in C++? What is a generic function, explain with example? What are different derived data types in C++? What is a friend function and why is it used in C++? [3] Explain C++ Garbage Collection? [3]
Q2	a)	UNIT-I Differentiate between call by value and call by reference with program code?
	b)	What are different types of operators used in C++? [7.5]
Q3	a)	Explain features of object Oriented Programming using suitable examples?
	b)	What is function overloading? Explain its usage using suitable examples? [7.5]
Q4	a)	Explain the use of constructor and destructor in a class using
	b)	examples? [7.5] What is dynamic memory allocation? Explain with program code? [7.5]
Q5	a)	What is operator overloading? Overload +operator to concatenate 2 strings?
	b)	Explain different types of constructors using suitable examples?
Q6	a)	Define Inheritance and explain its different types using and
	b)	what is pure virtual function and explain when it is used with program code?  [7.5]
Q7	a)	Differentiate between composition and containership with program code?
	b)	What is run time polymorphism? Explain with program code? [7.5]
Q8	a)	IINIT-IX
-	b)	Explain C++ stream classes using suitable examples? [7.5] Write a program in C++ to create generic class for stack operations?

operations? [7.5]

Q9 Write a program in C++ to read content from one file and write in a) another? [7.5]What is the standard template library and explain iterators and b)

vectors? [7.5]

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