SECOND SEMESTER [LLB] JUNE 2024

Paper Code: LLB-102

Subject: History-II

(Legal History)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: Attempt all questions as directed. Internal Choice is indicated.

PART-A

Q1 Attempt all five. Write short notes on the following:

(4x5=20)

(10)

- a) Charter of 1726
- b) Changes in Criminal Law under Lord Bentinck
- c) The First Law Commission
- d) The Legal Practioner's Act, 1879
- e) The Indian Councils Act, 1861



UNIT-I

Q2 Discuss the conflict between the Supreme Court and the Governor-General in the Raja Nand Kumar Case. (10)

OR

Q3 Highlight the salient features of the Regulating Act of 1773.

UNIT-II

- Q4 Explain the development of personal laws under the British rule. (10)
 OR
- Q5 Evaluate the Charter of 1833 and the reasons for the codification of laws in India. (10)

UNIT-III

Q6 What were the provisions of the Advocate's Act of 1961? (10)

OR

O7 What were the features of Law Reporting from 1773-1950? (10)

UNIT-IV

Q8 What is the significance of the Government of India Act, 1935 to India's Constitution? (10)

OR

Q9 Critically examine the provisions of the Montague-Chelmsford Reforms of 1919 to India's constitutional development. (10)





SECOND SEMESTER [LLB] JUNE 2024

Paper Code: LLB-108

Subject: Legal History

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q.No.1 of Part A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part B.

PART-A

Attempt any four questions out of the choices available: Q1

(5x4=20)

- Supreme Court under the Regulating Act, 1773 a)
- Warren Hastings' Plan of 1772 b)
- Law Reporting c)
- Federal Court d)
- Early Judicial Plans in Bombay e)
- The High Courts' Act of 1861 n





- Evaluate the administration of Justice in the early days in Madras in Q2three stages.
- OR Discuss the importance of changes in the Criminal Justice System Q3 under Lord Cornwallis and Lord Bentinck.

UNIT-II

Discuss the development of legal profession in India with special Q4 reference to the Advocates' Act of 1961.

OR

Discuss the reason for the introduction of Codification under the Q5 (10)Charter of 1833.

UNIT-III

Critically examine the colonial land policies of the British state in India. Q6 (10)

OR

Explain the provisions of the Abolition of Sati Act and the Hindu Q7 Widow's Remarriage Act and the significance of these social legislations. (10)

UNIT-IV

What was the constitutional position with regard to the Princely states Q8 (10)in the post-independent India?

Write a note on the present Judicial System in India with special **Q9** (10)provisions for women in the legal system.



(Please write your Exam Roll No.)

Exam Roll No.

END TERM EXAMINATION

SECOND SEMESTER [LLB] JUNE 2024

Paper Code: BALLB-106

Subject: History-II

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: Attempt all questions as directed. Internal Choice is indicated.

PART-A

- Q1 Attempt all five. Write short notes on the following: The Surat Settlement (4x5=20)
 - b) Kamaluddin Case
 - The Indian High Courts' Act of 1861 c)
 - The Indian Council's Act, 1861 d)
 - Quit India Movement, 1942 e)

PART-B

- UNIT-I Why is the Charter of 1726 considered as a landmark Charter in the Q2 legal history in India? (10)
- OR Q3 Why is the Judicial Plan of 1793 called the Cornwallis Code? (10)
- UNIT-II Highlight the important legislations in the development of the Q4 personal laws under the British rule in India. (10)
- OR Discuss the contribution of the Privy Council and the Federal Court to Q5 the modern Indian legal system.

UNIT-III

- What were the ways in which the princely states acceded to the Union of Q6 India at the time of India's independence.
- Discuss the relevance of the Government of India Act 1909 and its Q7 ramifications in India's constitutional history. (10)

UNIT-IV

- What is the contribution of the Gandhian movements in the 1920s and Q8 1930s to India's freedom struggle? (10)OR
- Critically examine the impact of colonialism on Indian Economy. Q9 (10)



SECOND SEMESTER [LLB] JULY 2023

Paper Code: LLB108 Subject:

Subject: Legal History

(BATCH 2022 ONWARDS)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q.No.1 of Part-A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part-B.

PART-A

Q1 Write a short notes on the following:

(5x5=25)

- a) Mayor's Court under the Charter of 1726
- b) Act of Settlement, 1781
- c) Federal Court: An Appraisal
- d) Features of the Indian Independence Act, 1947
- e) Constitutional Position of the Princely States

PART-B

UNIT-I

- Q2 Discuss the conflict between the Supreme Court of Calcutta and the Adalat System in Raja Nand Kumar Case. (12.5)
- Q3 Discuss the reforms introduced by Lord Cornwallis in the judicial system of British India. Did he laid the foundation of the existing system? (12.5)

UNIT-II

Critically examine the process of Codification of Laws under the Charter of 1833 in India. (12.5)

OR

Q5 Evaluate the development of Legal Profession and Law Reporting of India.
(12.5)

UNIT-III

- Q6 Discuss the Colonial Land Policies and Emergence of Land as Commodity.

 OR
- Q7 Critically analysis the constitutional changes made under the Government of India Act, 1919 and 1935. (12.5)

UNIT-IV

Q8 What are the changes in the Post Colonial development in Indian Judicial System? Explain. (12.5)

OR

Q9 Discuss the changing notions of Social Justice in Modern India with emphasis on Dalit and Women. (12.5)



SECOND SEMESTER [LLB] JULY 2023

aper Code: BALLB106

Subject: History-II

ime: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q.No.1 of Part-A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part-B.

PART-A

Write Short notes -

(5x5=25)

- (a) Charter Act of 1600
- (b) Native Judicial Officers
- (c) Indian Councils 'Act of 1861
- (d) Kamaluddin
- (e) Drain of Wealth

PART-B

UNIT-I

Highlight the features and provisions of Cornwallis Judicial plan of 1793.

(12.5)

OR

Explain the evolution of Judicial system in the Presidency of Madras.

(12.5)

UNIT-II

Critically explain the role and working of the Privy Council in context of India. (12.5)

OR

Discuss the reasons for the establishment of High Courts of 1861. Explain its power and Jurisdiction. (12.5)

UNIT-III

Explain the provisions of the Government of India act 1935. Which features of the Act have been incorporated in the constitution of free India? (12.5)

OR

How were the Princely states integrated with India. What was the contribution of Sardar Patel in this regard? (12.5)

UNIT-IV

Explain the impact of Colonialism on Indian Agriculture, Industry and Trade. (12.5)

OR

Discuss various Gandhian movements and their impact on masses of India. (12.5)



SECOND SEMESTER [LLB] JULY 2023

Paper Code: LLB108

Subject: Legal History

(BATCH 2022 ONWARDS)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q.No.1 of Part-A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part-B.

PART-A

Q1 Write a short notes on the following:

(5x5=25)

Jessional S

VIPS-TO

Δ

- a) Mayor's Court under the Charter of 1726b) Act of Settlement, 1781
- c) Federal Court: An Appraisal
- d) Features of the Indian Independence Act, 1947
- e) Constitutional Position of the Princely States

PART-B



Q2/ Discuss the conflict between the Supreme Court of Calcutta and the Adalat System in Raja Nand Kumar Case. (12.5)

OR

Q3 Discuss the reforms introduced by Lord Cornwallis in the judicial system of British India. Did he laid the foundation of the existing system? (12.5)

UNIT-II

Q4 Critically examine the process of Codification of Laws under the Charter of 1833 in India. (12.5)

OR

Evaluate the development of Legal Profession and Law Reporting of India.
(12.5)

UNIT-III

Of Discuss the Colonial Land Policies and Emergence of Land as Commodity. (12.5)

OR

Q7 Critically analysis the constitutional changes made under the Government of India Act, 1919 and 1935. (12.5)

UNIT-IV

Q8 What are the changes in the Post Colonial development in Indian Judicial System? Explain. (12.5)

OF

Q9 Discuss the changing notions of Social Justice in Modern India with emphasis on Dalit and Women. (12.5)







Exam Roll No. ... waln Fxam Roll No.) MERCY CHANCE EXAMINATION

SECOND SEMESTER [LLB] JULY-2013

Subject: History (Batch:2004)

Maximum Marks :75

Moissolo

e: 3 Hours Note: Attempt any six questions including Q.no.1 of Part-A which is compulsory.

PART-A

(5x5=25)

- (a) Critically analyse Raja Nand Kumar case (1775).
- (b) Mayor's Court.

Q9

er Code: LLB106

- (c) Patna case (1779)
- (d) Salient features of the Act of Settlement of 1781.
- (e) The role of Law Commission in legal Reforms.

(10x5=50)PART-B

Explain the salient features of the Charter Act of 1726. How the Mayor's Court under Charter of 1726 was different from Charter of 1687?

Briefly explain the Adalat System as introduced by Warren Hasting plan of 1772. What change was introduced by Judicial Plan of 1774 & 1780?

Explain the composition, jurisdiction and powers of the Supreme Court as provided by Regulation Act, 1773.

Discuss the salient features of the Advocate Act, 1961. Q5

Critically examine the status of Adalat System under the Lord Carnwallis. How it has ensured for reading reforms in judicial administration?

Explain the Writ Juridiction of the High Court under the Indian High Court Act of 1861.

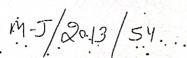
Examine the status of personal law during the British Period. 08

Suggest measures to Streamline Legal profession in India. Substantiate

your answer with help of judicial pronouncement.







to your Exam Roll No.) Exam Roll No. LEMENTARY EXAMINATION arphiFIRST SEMESTER [LLB] SEPTEMBER-OCTOBER 2013 Paper Code: LLB102 Subject History (Legal History) Time: 3 Hours Muximum Marks:75 Note: Attempt any five questions including Q.no.1 which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part-B PART-A (a) Raja Nand Kumar case. (b) Discuss the Administration of Criminal justice system under Warren Hastings. (c) Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court at Calcuttander Regulation Act, 1773. (d) Functions of Privy Council. (e) Naya Panchayats. (5x5=25)Critically analyse the main features of the Charter of 1726. What change has been introduced by the judicial plan of 1753 to ensure sound administration of justice? (12.5)OR Explain the salient features of Adalat system introduced by Warren Hastings. What change has been introduced by Lord Carnwallis in adalat system? (12.5)UNIT-II Explain the original and Appellate Jurisdiction of the High Court as provided under the Act of 1861. (12.5)Briefly explain the change introduced in personal laws of Hindu and Q5 Mohammedans during the British periods. . (12.5) UNIT-III "An independent legal profession is not only a precondition for proper. administration of justice also guarantor of the Rule of law." Examine. (12.5) Write short notes on the following:-(12.5)(a) Features of Law Reporting. (b) Significance of Legal Education. UNIT-IV Critically examine the Minto-Marley Reforms of 1909. What change has Q8 (12.5)been introduced by the GOI Act, 1919? OR The Federal System which the GOI Act, 1935 aimed to introduce was Q9 perhaps the most complex ever known in the history of Federalism. (12.5)Comment. J/2013/51

Exam Roll No. 275 Styllake write your Exam Roll No.) END TERM EXAMINATION 5 SECOND SEMESTER [LLB] MAY-JUNE 2012 Subject: History-II (Legal History) Paper Gode: LLB102 (Batch: 200 22011) Maximum Marks :75 Time : 3 Hours Note: Part-A is compulsory. Attempt one question from each unit. PART-A (5x5=25)Write short notes on the following:-Q1((a) Judicial Plan of Hastings of 1774 (b) Controversies in the Patna Case actession (c) Qualifications for Judges in 1861 Act (d) Theory of Precedence (c) Dyarchy PART-B CUNIT-I Q2 LHow Administration of Justice evolved and developed in the Madras Presidency? Discuss. OR What was the situation of administration of civil and criminal justice Q3 (12.5)under Cornwallis code? Discuss. **UNIT-II** Q4 Privy Council made significant contribution in the evolution of modern (12.5)Indian legal system. Critically analyse. OR Discuss the significant achievements of second law commission in India. (12.5) Q5 WNIT-III Q6 How legal profession was developed by various legislations in 19th century and what were the limitations? OR How the Advocates Act 1961 formalized the legal profession in India? (12.5) UNIT-IV Discuss and analyse the significant features of Morley Minto Reforms. (12.5) Q8 OR What were the powers of Governor General in the Government of India Q9 Act, 1935? Discuss. (12.5)solessian 4 sadu P

SECOND SEMESTER [LLB] NOVEMBER 2020

Paper Code: BALLB-106

Subject: History II

Time: 2 Hours

(Batch 2014 onwards)

Maximum Marks: 75

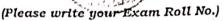
Note: Attempt any three questions in all. All questions carry equal marks.

Write short notes on the following:-

- (a) Judicial Plan of 1772 under Warren Hastings
- (b) Regulating Act of 1773
- (c) Permanent Settlement
- Q2 Why Raja Nand Kumar Case termed as miscarriage of Justice and Judicial murder? Discuss in the light of issues involved and the judicial decision taken.
- Why the Charter of 1726 is considered a land mark in the introduction of Q3 English Legal System in India? Analyze the provisions with regard to its significance in the Indian Legal System.
- Discuss the contribution of the Privy Council in development of Law in Q4 India. Discuss the drawbacks of preferring appeals to the Privy Council.
- Assess the importance of the Charter of 1833 as landmark in Indian Q5 History.
- Enumerate the main provisions of the Government of India Act 1919 and Q6 discuss the changes introduced there under.
- Why the Government of India Act 1935 is considered Mini Indian **Q7** Constitution? What is the federal component of the Act and did it ever become operational?
- Discuss the reasons for partition of India at the time of Independence Q8 and the rise of communalism. Are these two interrelated in the Indian context?
- Q9 Discuss briefly the changing notions of Justice from ancient to modern period of Indian History.

Exam Roll No. 0 (Please write your Exam Roll No.) END TERM EXAMINATION SECOND SEMESTER [LLB(H)] APRIL-MAY 2019 Subject: History-II Paper Code: BALLB-106 (Batch 2014 onwards) Maximum Marks: 75 Time: 3 Hours Note: Attempt five question in all including Q no. 1 of Part A which is compulsory. Select one question from each Unit of Part B. un PART-A (5x5=25)Write short notes on the following: Q1 (a) Charter of 1726 5 (b) Patna Case 4 (c) Bombay Plans of 1670 and 1672 3 (d) Justice, Equity, and Good Conscience 1/ (e) Stages of Colonialism PART-B UNIT-I Describe briefly the salient features of the Regulating Act, 1773, with special reference to the structure, jurisdiction, and powers of the (12.5)Supreme Court. (19) (12.5)Explain the Cornwallis Code of 1793. Q3 UNIT-II Discuss the structure and powers of the Privy Council. How far was Q4 decision of Privy Council binding in India and what was its significance? (12.5) Critically examine the process of Codification of Laws under the Charter Q5′ (12.5)of 1833, in India. (6) UNIT-III Write a note on the integration of the princely states into India. Q6 What are the salient features of Federalism under the Government of QT India Act, 1935? Discuss the significance of the Federal Court (1937-50). (12.5) UNIT-IV Comment of the nature of Gender Justice in India (12.5)Q8 Discuss the salient features of Indian Freedom Struggle under Gandhi. (12.5) Q9









Exam Roll No.

END TERM EXAMINATION

SECOND SEMESTER [LLB] MAY-2017

Paper Code: BALLB-106

Subject: History-II

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt any five questions including Q.No 1 of Part A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part B.

PART-A

- Q1 Write short notes on: -
 - (a) Trial of Raja Nand Kumar
 - (b) Cornwallis's Judicial Plan of 1790
 - (c) Privy Council: Significance
 - (d) The Government of India Act, 1909
 - (e) Stages of Colonialism

PART-B

(5x5=25)



.UNIT-I

- Q2 Discuss the Adalat system under the Judicial Plans of 1772 and 1774. (12.5)
- Q3 Elaborate on the administration of justice with regard to Madras settlement (1640-1726). (12.5)

UNIT-II

- Q4 Explain the reason for the codification of laws starting with the Charter of 1833.(12.5)
- Q5 Discuss the establishment of High Court under the Indian High Court Act, 1861.(12.5)

UNIT-III

- Q6 Critically analysis the constitutional changes made under the Government of India Acts, 1919 and 1935. (12.5)
- Q7 How was the accession of Princely states and Reorganisation of the states effected in India? Name five former Princely states in India. (12.5)

UNIT-IV

- Q8 Describe the important movements under the leadership of Gandhiji in India and their impact in mainstream of Indian Politics? (12.5)
- Op Discuss the Divide and Rule policy of British which finally culminated in the partition of India in 1947? (12.5)



F



Time: 3 Hours







(Please write your Exam Roll No.)

Exam Roll No.

END TERM EXAMINATION

SECOND SEMESTER [LLB] MAY 2017

Paper Code: LLB-102

Subject: History-II(Legal History)

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt any five questions including Q.No 1 of Part A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of Part B.

PART-A

Q1 Write short notes on the following: -

(a) Charters of 1600 and 1661.

- (b) The Federal Court (1937-1950)/
- (c) The Indian Councils Act, 1892
- (d) Law Reporting
- (e) The Second Law Commission

(5x5=25)

PART-B UNIT-I

- Q2 What is Adalat System? Why did Warren Hastings introduce the Plan of 1772?(12.5)
- Explain the introduction of the English legal system in the Madras Presidency in Q3 the period 1639-1726. (12.5)

UNIT-II

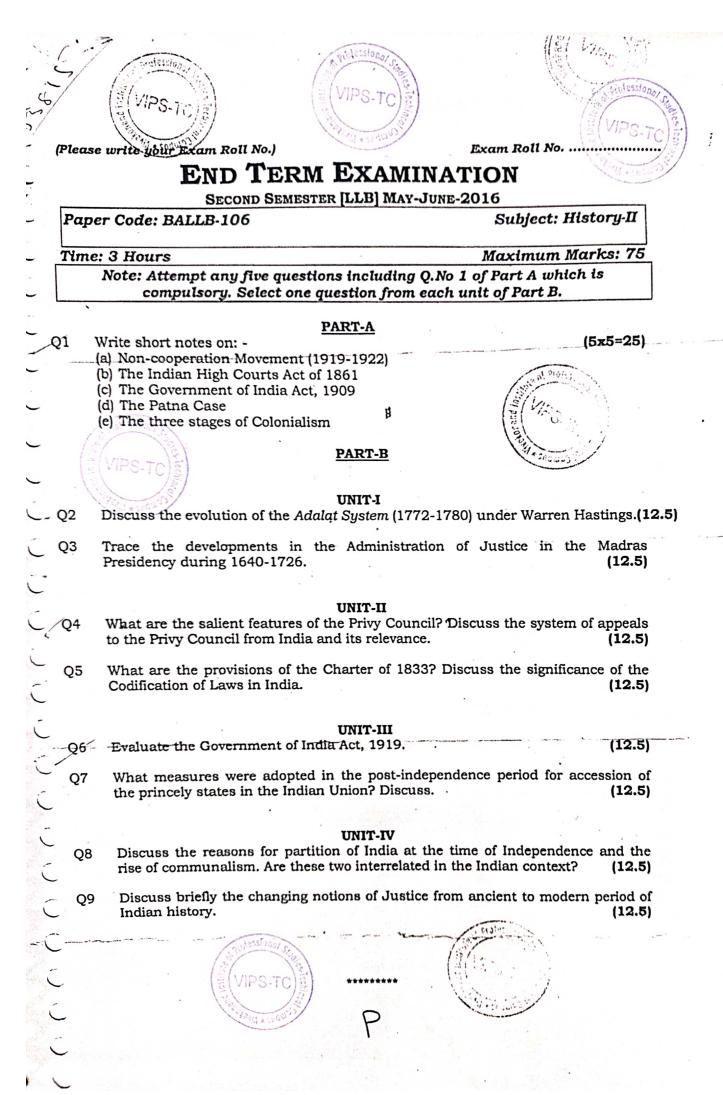
- Explain the significance of the Indian High Courts Act of 1861. Q4 (12.5)
- Discuss the development of the Civil Law in the Muffassil, with special reference Q5 to the concept of justice, equity and good conscience. (1.2.5)
- UNIT-III Discuss the Advocates Act of 1961. Cite cases of the misconduct and the Q6 judgments given. (12.5)
- Discuss the growth of legal profession in modern India. Q7 (12.5)

UNIT-IV

- What were the reasons for the introduction of the Montford Reforms? Evaluate Q8 the Government of India Act, 1919.
- Why was the Government of India Act, 1935 introduced? Explain its provisions.(12.5) Q9







rite your Exam Roll No.)

Exam Roll No.

END TERM EXAMINATION

SECOND SEMESTER [LLB] MAY-JUNE-2015

Paper Code: LLB102

Subject: History -II (Legal History)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

(5x5=25)

Note: Attempt any five questions including Q no. 1 of part A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of part B.

PART-A

- Write short notes on the following:-01
 - (a) Aims of Legal Education
 - (b) The Federal Court
 - (c) Bombay's Judicial Plan of 1672
 - (d) The Act of Settlement, 1781
 - (e) Application of Justice, Equity and Good Conscience in preindependence.

PART-B

UNIT-I

- What are the salient features of the Regulating Act, 1773? Discuss the conflict between the Supreme Court and the Adalat System.
- Is it correct to tem the Judicial Plan of 1793 as the 'Cornwallis Code'? 03 Cite reasons in support of your argument. (12.5)

UNIT-II

- Trace the evolution of the Privy Council in the Indian Legal System. What is its contribution and significance to the post-independence legal system in India? (12.5)
- Q3 Discuss the objective and the role of the Law Commission under the Charter of 1833. Enumerate the contributions of the first two Law Commissions in the codification of law and the critical issues raised (12.5)

with the second UNIT-III where the second second

- Explain the features of law reporting from 1773 to 1950. Q6
- What is the relevance of the Advocate's Act, 1961 for legal profession?(12.5) Q7

UNIT-IV

- Critically elucidate the contribution of the Government of India Act, 1935 Q8 to the modern constitutional system in India. (12.5)
- Q9 Attempt both:-
 - (a) Morley-Minto Reforms of 1909
 - (b) The Indian Council's Act, 1961.











(12.5)



Please write your Exam Roll No.)

END TERM EXAMINATION

SECOND SEMESTER [LLB] MAY-JUNE-2015

Paper Code: BALLB106

Subject: History-II

Maximum Marks: 75

Time: 3 Hours

Note: Attempt any five questions including Q no.1 of part A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of part B.

(5x5=25)

ciessian.

PART-A

Q1 Write short notes on the following:-

(a) Mayor's Court under the Charter of 1726

- (b) Judicial Plan of 1772 under Warren Hastings
- (c) Significance of the Privy Council
- (d) Accession of Princely States

Q4

(e) Gandhi's Non-Cooperation Movement, 1919-1922

PART-B

How far do you agree with the statement 'Cornwallis introduced for the first time the principle of sovereignty of law, made it a living principle and gave it practical shape in the administration of justice'. Discuss in the light of his reforms introduced in 1793.

Q3 Evaluate the Administration of Justice in the Madras Presidency from 1639-1726. (12.5)

Trace the development of Criminal Law in the colonial times. (12.5)

Critically discuss the reasons for the Codification of Laws in the 19th century. Evaluate the provisions of the Charter of 1833. (12.5)

Q6 Elaborate on the reasons responsible for the failure of the system of provincial dyarchy instituted by the provisions of the Government of India Act 1919.

Q7 "The Federal system, which the Act of 1935 aimed to establish was perhaps the most complex ever known in the history of Federalism".

(12.5)

Q8 Define Colonialism and elucidate the Stages of Colonialism. (12.5)

Discuss the reasons for the Partition of India. (12.5)



essiona/

END TERM EXAMINATION (MERCY CHANCE)

[LLB] JULY 2014

Paper Code: LLB-106

Subject: History-II (Legal History)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt any six questions including Q.no1 which is compulsory.

Part-A

- O1 Write short notes on the following:-
 - (a) Patna Case
 - (b) Federal Court
 - '(c) The Second Law Commission
 - (d) The Mayor Court.
 - (e) The High Court's Act, 1861.



(5x5=25)



Part-B

Q2 Elucidate the provisions of the Cornwallis Code of 1793.

(10)

- Q3 Critically examine the significant features of Warren Hasting plan of 1772. What reform is subsequently introduced to make it more effective. (10)
- Q4 Highlight the history of Law Reporting in India.

(10)

- What do you understand by the Codification of Laws undertaken in 1833? Describe the reasons for codification and the provisions of Charter of 1833. (10)
- Q6 Explain the modern judicial system in India.

(10)

Q7 Discuss the aspect of Racial Discrimination in the administration of civil and criminal justice during the British period in India. (10)

. (20)

- Q8 Briefly explain the Growth of Legal Education in India. Suggest measures to make legal education more effective and human. (10)
- Q9 How did legal profession grow in India? What are the provisions of the Advocates' Act of 1961? (10)

