

Exam Roll No. ..

ND TERM EXAMINATION

FOURTH SEMESTER [LLB] MAY-JUNE 2012

Subject: Sociology-III (Sociology & Law) Paper Code: LLB216 (Batch:2008-2010)

Maximum Marks :75

Time: 3 Hours Note: Part-A is compulsory. Attempt one question from each unit in part-B.

PART-A

- Write short notes on the following:-Q1
 - (a) Legislation and Social justice
 - (b) Ethnocentricism and inter-ethnic conflicts
 - (c) Wage Employment Programmes to alleviate poverty
 - (d) Custom as an informal agency of social control
 - (e) Social disorganization theory of deviance.



(12.5x4=50)

(5x5=25)

PART-B

UNIT-I

"National experiences influence global norm making and global norms constrain national lawmaking". Highlight the essence of this statement Q2 focusing on the interdependence between law and society.

How successful has been the judiciary in imparting social justice, within the basic constitutional framework. Support your views with suitable Q3 judicial pronouncements.

Throw light on some of the significant inter-caste conflicts, which have gone a long way in shaking the unity of India. Q4

Make a comprehensive social audit of the Poverty Alleviation Programmes Q5 in India.

UNIT-III

Is media, today, justified in its role as an agency of social control? Q6

Draw a comparison between custom as an agency of informal social control and law as an agency of formal social control. Q7

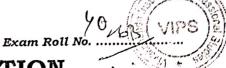
UNIT-IV

Briefly discuss the individualistic explanations of crime. Q8

Who is a Juvenile Delinquent? Highlight the important tenets of the primary legal framework for juvenile justice in India. Q9

Exam Roll No. 0061711 Platte write your Exam Roll No.) END TERM EXAMINATION 41 FOURTH SEMESTER [LLB] MAY-JUNE 2014 Subject: Sociology-III (Sociology and Law) Maximum Marks: 75 Paper Code: BALLB-216 Note: Attempt any five questions including Q.no1 which is compulsory. Time: 3 Hours Select one question from each Unit of Part-B. (a) What is customary law? Illustrate with a brief case study. (b) Write a critical note on communalism in India and the probable remedies. (c) How does media use public opinion and propaganda as medium social Q1 control. (d) Write a short note on white collar crime. (5x5=25)(e) What are various types of domestic violence? Part-B War sade Unit-I Explain the intricate relationship between law and society. How does it help in bringing about social change? Elaborate with sufficient examples. Q2 What is the concept of Social Justice? How does the Indian Constitution enshrine the principles of social justice? Q3 Unit-II Critically examine the nature of inter ethnic and inter caste relationships in India. Does social legislation help in any way to handle this grave issue? (12.5) Q4 "Poverty forms a vicious cycle." With reference to this statement; explain poverty from sociological perspective. Lay down some of its important determinates. Q5 Explain how does the law protect the rights of the poor people and how does it promote their social inclusion. Unit-III Elucidate the meaning of Social Control. Explain what are the agents and the mechanisms through which it functions. Can there be some dysfunctions of Q6 social control. Explain the conditions under which social control can become dysfunctional for society. Even though informal social control is not standardized and not written down, it is said to be more effective than formal social control, specially in the simple Q7 societies. What are the reasons behind this? What is the role of family and other primary groups in exercising this control? How does biological theory explain crime? What is the relevance of this theory under law? Does law give any recognition to the biological explanation of crime?(12.5) Q8 What is juvenile delinquency? How is it different than adult crime? Are we justified in having a separate juvenile justice system to handle the problem of 09 juvenile delinquency?

VIPS-TC) (VIPS-TC) (Please write Four Exam Roll No.)



END TERM EXAMINATION

	Subject: Sociology-III
Paper Code: BALLB218	(Sociology & Law)
Time: 3 Hours	Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt any five questions including Q no.1 of part A which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit of part B.

PART-A

Q1 (a) Briefly explain the role of lawyers and judges in modern times. (5)

(b) Ethnic Conflicts (5)

(c) How does politics in India initiate communalism? (5)

(d) What is the role of media as the means of social control? (6)

(e) Do we require any changes in the juvenile laws? Argue. (5)

PART-B

UNIT-I

Explaining the relation between law and society, reflect upon the manner in which law initiates change in society, and how social change brings change in laws.

(12.5)

Q3 What is social justice? How does the Indian Constitution ensure social justice in India, with special reference to the weaker section. Illustrate your answer with sufficient illustrations. (12.5)

UNIT-II

- Q4 Explain drug addiction as a social problem. How does the state control this problem? What will be your suggestion to solve it? (12.5)
- What are various determinants and factors of poverty? How do sociologists approach the problem of poverty? What are the measures taken under the Indian constitution to handle the situation of poverty? (12.5)

UNIT-III

Distinguishing between folkways and mores, explain what role the two play in brining social control? How do the two work as effective means of informal social control? (12.5)

Q7 What is the relevance of law as formal means of social control? Critically evaluate how does it function to maintain order in the society. (12.5)

UNIT-IV

Q8 Explain the concept of crime from a sociological perspective. What are the various forms of crime against persons and property? (12.5)

What are the basic premises of social disorganization theory of crime?
How does it explain the occurrence of crime in society? (12.5)

